## Long-term Plan 2024-34

Respondent No. 172

Response ID 5664238

Date of contribution Apr 22 24 11:01:01 am



# **Personal information**

| First name   | Linda                                     |
|--|---|
| Last name  | Hill                                      |
| I'm providing a submission (choose one):   | as an individual                          |
| Please let us know what ward you live in   | Raumati                                   |
| Do you want to speak to Council about<br>your submission at our public<br>hearings on 2 May? | No  |
| Are you happy for your name to be published with your feedback:                              | My name can be published with my feedback |

# **Submission**

#### Proposal 1: Three waters funding Which option should we choose? (select one option)

Option 1: Fund \$4.7 million shortfall with an additional 5% rates increase in Year 1.

#### Would you like to expand on your answer for option 1?

We should bite the bullet and do this. This is what we pay rates for. I think my super can take the hit since I no longer have a mortgage, but for others on low or fixed income, rates relief will be important. It should be rates funded rather than debt funded because I agree we'll need to be able to fund the climate disasters and managed retreat that will hit the coast in the future. w

### Proposal 2: Proactively reduce Council's debt Which option should we choose? (select one option)

Option 1: Apply average rates increases of 8% per year from 2025/26 to 2033/34

#### Would you like to expand on your answer for option 1?

It's always better to have less debt than more, whatever the interest rate. I strongly agree that in the future we will need the capacity to borrow to fund climate impact repairs and managed retreat etc. The future

has never been more uncertain.

#### Proposal 3: Transfer Council's housing for older people Which option should we choose? (select one option)

Option 3: Older persons' housing continues to be deliver by Council with no option to grow the portfolio

#### Would you like to expand on your answer for option 3?

Option 1 and Option 3 - I don't have enough info to decide (yes I looked up CHPs). A new CHP will have no experience track record, KCDC appointments doesn't seem enough. What happens if it manages badly, falls over, or sells the units to some other outfit? 2 depends which CHP you choose, and no control, so not 2.

Ideally I'd have KCDC keep existing older persons' housing and support a new CHP to expand housing, closely controlled by KCDC legal agreements, lease of council land, monitoring etc. Why give away our assets? Isn't it colateral? Couldn't you lease existing housing/land to CHP rather than 'transfer'?

#### New climate action rate Which option should we choose? (select one option)

Option 1: Introduce a new targeted climate action rate based on a property's capital value rather than the current land-value based general rate

### Would you like to expand on your answer for option 1?

We need to put more effort into and spend money on both emissions reduction and climate change mitigation. A specific rate might help make the issue more real and more transparent for some people. I support LCK's point that a fresh climate rate should fund fresh actions, not just re-labeling various current costs as 'climate action'.

#### If you have any views on these other items, please comment here:

Licensing to sell alcohol, together with monitoring and enforcement of the Sale of Liquor Act, should be fully funded by licensees themselves as a cost of business. I support the proposed fee change as far as it goes, but I disagree that ratepayers paying 10% of costs to regulate private businesses is 'only fair'. It is not. KCDC's role in harm minimisation and community consultation exists because central govt has devolved regulation of the sale of a harmful product down to local govt level. All costs of effective regulation should be borne by those granted the privilege of being allowed to sell alcohol. It's a profitable privilege, not a right.