

18 November 2019

Kapiti Coast District Council Private Bag 60 601 Paraparaumu 5254

Dear Amy

#### Further Information request - 35 Kaitawa Street

With regard to your request for information please find below our responses.

- 1. An amended plan with height in relation to boundary shown for:
  - a. Water tanks and accessory buildings
  - b. Location of the water tanks in relation to the boundaries.

The water tanks and sheds will be a maximum of 2.0m in height and will therefore comply with the 2.1m plus 45° recession plane requirements. As stated in the application and shown on the plans the water tanks will be located on the boundaries with a 1m yard encroachment which has been applied for as part of the application.

2. Amend the plan for the outdoor living court.

The living court provisions are complied with. It will have direct access off the main living area of the dwelling in the form of the deck. Also more than sufficient outdoor space is provided.

3. Amend the site plan showing the shape factor for both proposed lots.

Please see the attached plan - this does not comply as the original site is not 18m wide.

4. Conformation as to whether the dwelling will be constructed prior to the subdivision.

The dwelling will more than likely be constructed prior to the completion of the subdivision which will result in a technical non-compliance until the subdivision has been completed. This will not result in any greater effect than has already been discussed in detail in the application in relation to residential character and amenity.

5. Provision of a transport assessment.

Please see attached assessment.

6. Provision of comment on compliance with the sight lines

Please see attached traffic assessment.



#### 7. Provision of an updated services plan.

Please see the attached report.

Myrenhinton-Hancock.

Regards

Michelle Grinlinton-Hancock

Work Group Manager - Planning and Community Engagement

wsp.com/nz



#### Memorandum

То	Michelle Grinlinton-Hancock
Сору	
From	Sam Thornton
Office	Wellington Civil
Date	6 November 2019
File	N-H0060.03
Subject	Further Information Request - Resource Consent Application - 35 Kaitawa Crescent (190125)

Dear Michelle.

As requested, please find below a traffic safety assessment addressing the comments in the Further Information Request for the proposed sub-division at 35 Kaitawa Crescent.

## My Qualifications

I am a Principal Transportation Engineer at WSP. I have 13 years of experience working in transportation engineering. I hold a bachelor's degree in civil engineering from the University of Canterbury and I am a Chartered Professional Engineer and Charted Member of Engineering New Zealand.

## Background

The proposed sub-division of 35 Kaitawa Crescent, Paraparaumu does not comply with the following rules and standards for a permitted activity regarding parking provision:

#### 11P.1.2 Residential activities

A minimum of 2 carparks (including garages or carports) per household unit except for in Precincts A1 and A2 and C in the District Centre Zone and Raumati Beach Town Centre Zone. Minor flats are exempt from this standard.

A further information request (as detailed below) has been made following the initial application for sub-division.

In addition, the decision has been made to provide two car parks in a tandem arrangement (cars parking end to end with the front car unable to exit without the back car leaving first) for the rear dwelling. Tandem parking layouts are not identified in AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 which is referenced in the Kapiti Coast District Plan¹.

The proposed sub-division is shown in Figure 1 below and in summary is to:

- Subdivide one existing section (with an existing dwelling which is to be removed) into two new sections;
- The front section will have a 72m<sup>2</sup> floor area unit with two bedrooms;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section J.1.2.3

- The back section will have a 139m² total floor area (79m² ground floor area) unit with four bedrooms: and
- Provide a shared driveway with one off-street parks for the front section and a tandem offstreet park for the rear-section.



Figure 1: Proposed subdivision

## Requested Information

Supply a traffic safety assessment by a suitably qualified person assessing the relevant safety and transport policies and objectives of the Proposed District Plan relating to the non-compliance. Provide an amended Assessment of Environmental Effect assessing all of the relevant objectives and policies relating to the shortfall of parking spaces.

### **Transport and Land-Use Context**

This section provides some brief transport and land-use context.

#### **Transport Network**

Figure 2 shows the adjacent transport network, features include:

• Bus route (shown with blue arrows) along Ruapehu Street (only operates Mondays and Wednesdays);

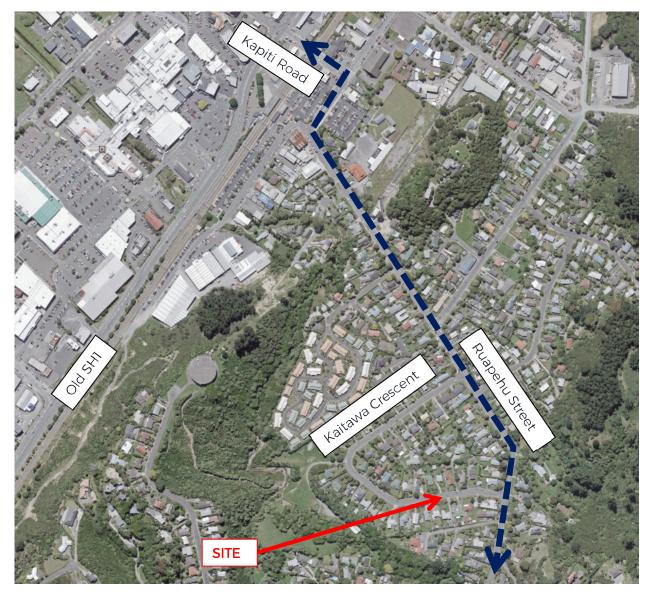


Figure 2: Adjacent transport network

#### **Transport Demands**

The traffic demands on Kaitawa Crescent are estimated to be 87 average daily vehicles<sup>2</sup>.

No parking demand information is available. However, review of historic aerial imagery for the past 10 years from Google Earth indicates that demand is low (along the length of Kaitawa Crescent

#### **Crash History**

Ten years (2009-2019³) of crash history have been retrieved from the NZ Transport Agency Crash Analysis System (CAS) for the length of Kaitawa Crescent.

Two crashes were recorded in CAS:

- One non-injury crash occurred at the southern intersection of Kaitawa Crescent and Ruapehu Street with a southbound vehicle on Ruapehu Street doing a u-turn at the intersection being hit by a following car.
- One minor injury crash occurred on Kaitawa Crescent where a northbound vehicle lost control at excess speed in wet conditions and hit two concrete poles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://mobileroad.org/desktop.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Retrieved on 11 October 2019

#### Street Form

Aerial photography<sup>4</sup> indicates that the road carriageway is approximately 8.0m wide.

NZS 4404 (2010) notes<sup>5</sup> that a width of 7.2-7.5m provides for either two through movements and one parked car or two parked cars and one through movement.

#### Census Data

The following information has been retrieved from the 2013 census and has been provided for the following areas:

- Kapiti Coast District;
- Paraparaumu Central Ward; and
- Meshblock 1997400 (the area within the Kaitawa Crescent loop).

#### Vehicles per household

Figure 3 below shows that approximately 50% of households in the Kapiti Coast District have one vehicle or less and 90% have two vehicles or less. At a more local level, on Kaitawa Crescent, the ownership rates are slightly lower with around 60% having one vehicle or less and around 90% having two vehicles or less.

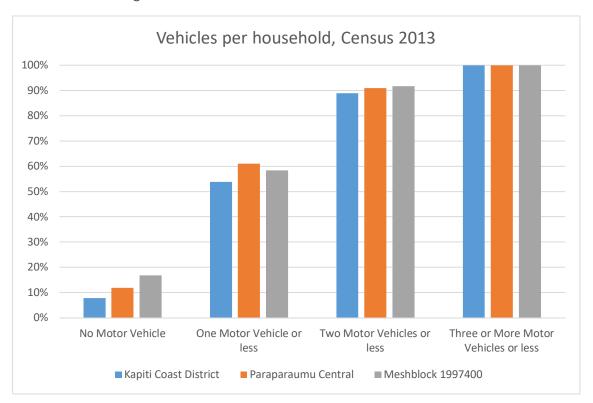


Figure 3: Cumulative vehicles per household, Census 2013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://publicgis.kcdc.govt.nz/LocalMaps/Viewer/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 3.3.2 (b)

#### Residents per household

Figure 4 shows that approximately 70% of households in the Kapiti Coast District have two residents or less. At a more local level, on Kaitawa Crescent, the occupancy rates are higher with around 55% having two residents or less

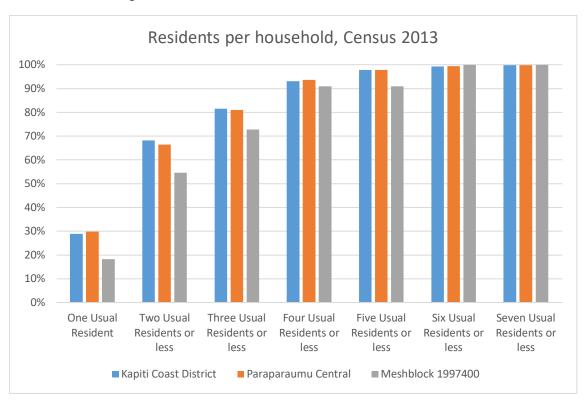


Figure 4: Cumulative residents per household, Census 2013

#### Bedrooms per dwelling

Figure 5 shows that approximately 30% of dwellings in the Kapiti Coast District have two bedrooms or less with approximately 90% having four bedrooms or less. At a more local level, on Kaitawa Crescent, around 15% of dwellings have two bedrooms or less with around 90% having four bedrooms or less.

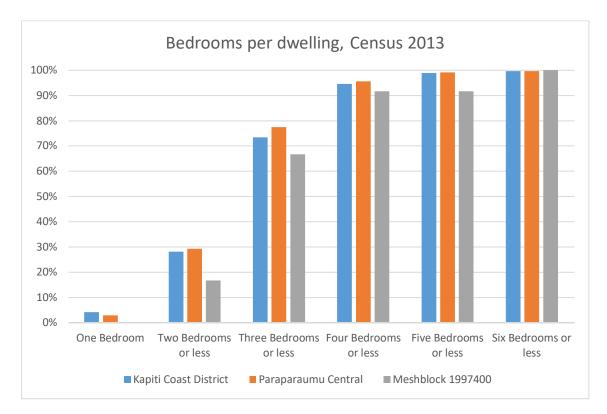


Figure 5: Cumulative bedrooms per dwelling, Census 2013

#### Summary of Census data

The data above indicates that households / dwellings in and around Kaitawa Crescent have slightly fewer vehicles per household but more bedrooms per dwelling and residents per household when compared to the overall Kapiti Coast District.

The census data indicates that the majority of dwellings in the Kapiti District have more than two bedrooms but less than four bedrooms. Therefore, the proposed front unit is smaller than typical and the rear unit is typical for the district. In addition, the data suggests low car ownership in and around Kaitawa Crescent (60% of households have one vehicle or less) when compared to the overall Kapiti Coast District.

## **Proposed District Plan**

#### **Policies**

The following transport policies are relevant to the proposed sub-division regarding the non-compliance associated with the amount of on-site parking provided:

- Policy 11.30 Integrated Transport and Urban Form
- Policy 11.34 Effects of Land use on Transport
- Policy 11.36 Parking

The relevant sub-sections of the policies are expanded in the assessment section below.

#### Referenced Information

The following information is referenced in the above policies.

#### Transport Network Hierarchy in Schedule 11.2

Kaitawa Crescent is identified on the transport network hierarchy map as being a Neighbourhood Access Routes (which includes all other Local Roads). Neighbourhood Access Routes are defined as "Roads providing direct access for residential and other areas of development in urban areas, with more than one intersection to other local or collector roads, and:

- provides access to: local residential neighbourhoods; schools; reserves.
- can include local walkways, beach access, residential lanes;
- will be low speed;
- will have low traffic volume".

#### Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012

The following extracts from the Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012 are noted are relevant to the proposed sub-division regarding the non-compliance associated with the amount of on-site parking provided:

#### D (i) Sustainable Transport Strategy

• The Council wishes to encourage pleasant, walkable neighbourhoods, with a low speed environment, which provides increased amenity by, for example, enhancing connectivity, decreasing the area of sealed surfaces, differentiating parking bays and providing associated landscaping.

#### D (iii) Performance Criteria

• The layout and structure of a road network and its associated amenities shall provide for appropriate car parking, including that associated with reserves.

## Assessment of Traffic and Safety

Table 1 below provides an assessment of the proposed subdivision against the Proposed District Plan policies and objectives relating to the non-conformance of the proposed sub-division.

Overall the proposed sub-division is consistent with the Proposed District Plan policies and objectives relating to parking despite the non-conformance in the number of parks for the front unit and the rear units parks not being designed in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.

Table 1: Assessment of policies and objectives relating to the non-conformance of the proposed sub-division

#### Policy / objective Assessment Policy 11.30 - Integrated Transport and Urban Overall the proposed subdivision is Form consistent with Policy 11.30. Further information is provided below. Development and subdivision will be integrated with and consistent with the With regard to 11.30 (a): transport network hierarchy in Schedule 11.2, The transport network is more than and undertaken in a manner and at a rate to capable of serving the minor increase ensure: in parking demand that may result a) the transport network is capable of from the subdivision (refer assessment serving the projected demand safely of Policy 11.36 below). and efficiently: With regard to 11.30(d): d) development is consistent with Council's Subdivision and Development The Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012; Principles and Requirements 2012 are not directly relevant to the proposed subdivision with regard to parking provision off-street (other than the reference to AS/NZS 2890.1:2004). However, the subdivision is consistent with the following aspects of the requirements: It is possible for vehicles parkingoff-street to enter and exit the subdivision in a forward direction<sup>6</sup> which is an improvement on the existing situation as the current properties have no formal turning facilities. However, this arrangement can be quite timeconsuming, and some users may choose instead to park on the street. Any overflow parking that does occur and parks on the street will help to control vehicle speeds along Kaitawa Crescent.

<sup>6</sup> For the tandem park this is based on the assumption that if the car in the front park wants to get out that the back car will reverse into the driveway towards the road and allow the front car to reverse into the driveway away from the road. The back car will then enter the car park area again and the front car can exit the driveway in a forward direction. It is acknowledged that in some circumstances the back car may reverse out to the road instead. There are no issues for the single park for the front unit

#### Policy / objective

#### Policy 11.34 - Effects of Land use on Transport

The potential adverse effects on the transport network from development and subdivision will be avoided, remedied or mitigated by identifying both the key existing transport routes and proposed transport routes likely to be required long term as part of the District's transport network and having regard to these when considering applications for subdivision or development.

#### Assessment

Overall the proposed subdivision is consistent with Policy 11.34. Further information is provided below.

 The expected transport effects on the transport network associated with the minor increase in parking demand that may result from the subdivision are minor in effect (refer assessment of Policy 11.36 below).

#### Policy 11.36 - Parking

All new subdivision and development shall provide for safe vehicular and pedestrian access and appropriate vehicle parking areas by:

- a) providing parking numbers, layouts and dimensions consistent with parking standards;
- b) supplying adequate off street parking to meet the demand of the land use while having regard to the following factors:
  - i. the intensity, duration location and management of the activity.
  - ii. the adequacy of parking in the location and adjacent areas.
  - iii. the classification and use of the road (as per transport network hierarchy in Appendix 11.2), and the speed restrictions that apply.
  - iv. the nature of the site, in particular its capacity to accommodate parking.
  - v. the characteristics of the previous activity that utilised the site;

Overall the proposed subdivision is largely consistent with Policy 11.36. Further information is provided below.

With regard to 11.36 (a):

- For the rear unit, the parking layout of the tandem park is not consistent with parking standards.
- For the front unit, the number of offstreet parks provided is not consistent with the rules of the District Plan.

With regard to 11.36 (b):

- Parking demand for the proposed subdivision is not expected to be two vehicles for the front dwelling (parking demand for two vehicles is expected for the rear unit). The two vehicles per dwelling standard applies to all dwellings regardless of size and number of bedrooms. Information from the 2013 census indicates that only 30% of dwellings in the Kapiti District have two or less bedrooms.
- The proposed front unit dwelling is relatively small by modern standards and only has two bedrooms and therefore is likely to have lower car ownership than might typically be expected in Kapiti. This is supported by the 2013 census data which suggests low car ownership in and around Kaitawa Crescent (60% of households have one vehicle or less) when compared to the overall Kapiti Coast District.
- The proposed subdivision provides three carparks which can be used by vehicles to enter and exit the subdivision in a forward direction<sup>6</sup>.
- The road frontage of the proposed subdivision is approximately 17m of

Policy / objective	Assessment
	<ul> <li>which 4m is used for the vehicle access. The remaining 13m provides sufficient width for two on-street parks (typical parallel parks are approximately 6m long).</li> <li>No parking demand data is available for Kaitawa Crescent, however, based on available information demands are very low, with plenty of capacity for onstreet parking.</li> <li>Kaitawa Crescent is a Neighbourhood Access Routes / Local Road with low traffic demands and sufficient width for parking on one side and two traffic lanes or parking both sides with one traffic lane. Use of on-street parking should help to reduce vehicle speeds and improve safety.</li> <li>The proposed subdivision is residential which is consistent with its previous use.</li> </ul>



12 November 2019

Resource Consent Team Kapiti Coast District Council 175 Rimu Road Private Bag 60601 Paraparumu 5245

Ref: N-H0060.01

WSP Opus Wellington Office L9, Majestic Centre, 100 Willis St PO Box 12 003, Wellington 6144 New Zealand



#### 35 Kaitawa Crescent(Update): Water Storage and Hydraulic Neutrality

#### Dear Resource Consent Team

This letter describes minor updates to the stormwater system at 35 Kaitawa Crescent to accommodate an additional 8 m<sup>2</sup> of permeable paving surface. Tank sizes have been adjusted slightly but still remain within the original tank height and footprint sizes.

There are no changes to the rainwater capture, pumping or soakage systems proposed for these sites.

#### 1.1 Updates to Pumping and Attenuation Sizing

Minor changes to the paving areas are present in Figure 1 and amended stormwater calculations are appended in Appendix A.

Results are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1. Summary of Attenuation Calculations

	Stormwater Results Lot 1	Stormwater Results Lot 2
Pumped Depth	0.30 m	0.33 m
Pumped Volume	2400 L	2640 L
Pumped Capture	24 mm of rainfall	25 mm of rainfall
Pumped Discharge	0.30 L/s	0.30 L/s
Attenuation Depth	0.43 m	0.43 m
Attenuation Volume	3230 Litres	3450 Litres
Orifice Size	20 mm	20 mm

Rainwater tank sizes have been updated slightly. Results are summarised in Table 2.

Table 2. Summary of Tank Selections

	Tank Selection Lot 1	Tank Selection Lot 2
Proposed Tank Volume	12800 Litres	12800 Litres
Tank Height	1.6 m	1.6 m
Attenuation Height	0.40 m	0.43 m

Pumped Height	0.30 m	0.33 m
Storage Height	0.72 m	0.67 m
Headspace	180mm	170 mm
Attenuation Volume	3230 Litres	3450 Litres
Pumped Volume	2400 Litres	2640 Litres
Storage Volume	5730litres	5350Litres
Approx. Base Level	40.1 m	38.1 m
Approx. Orifice Level	40.8 m	38.8 m
Minimum Attenuation	1310 Litres	1330 Litres
Volume to achieve		
hydraulic neutrality (Note 1)		

Note 1. The minimum attenuation volume is provided here to demonstrate that this design exceeds the hydraulic neutrality standard. Additional calculations to demonstrate the minimum requirement are included in Appendix D.

There are no other changes to the proposed stormwater system. We trust that this information is sufficient to allow the resource consent to proceed, please don't hesitate to contact us if anything else is required.

Kind Regards

Tim Strang

Principal Engineer Environmental

2 Appendix A. Attenuation Tank Calculations

PAGE 3 OF 4 WWW.WSP-OPUS.CO.NZ

TORMWATER ON-SITE DETENTION TANK (OSD) DESIGN 00 YEAR ARI STORM with 2 YEAR ARI STORM OUTLET			12-Nov-19		
442 m <sup>2</sup> Lot		m² house plus	65	m² impervious	
NAME Housing NZ ADDRESS 35 Kaitawa PHONE 276088998	Lot 1	Calcs By	Tim Strang		NOTE: Only fill in the blue (unprotected) cells
DATA Depth of Tank 2 Year Isoheyt Value 100 Year Isoheyt Value Time of Concentration		0.4 m 80 mm 172 mm 10 min. (10,15,	20,30,60)		NOTE A "#DIV/0!" message appearing in a cell means that data has been entered incorrectly
Site Area 1. EXISTING SITE COVER Existing Roof Existing Paved Existing Permeable Pavin Existing Garden TOTAL Existing Area	g	Area (m²) 'C'  442  60 0.9  94 0.85  0 0.5  288 0.35  442	CA (n 54 79 0 100 234	0 9 0 8	NOTE The sum of the existing areas must equal the `Site Area'
2. PROPOSED DEVELOPI Additional/Reduced Roof Additional/Reduced Pave Additional Permeable Pav Additional/Reduced Law TOTAL Addition Area (shou 3. REMAINING UNDRAINE Undrained Roof Area (No Undrained Paved Area (No Permeable Paving Area Undrained Lawn/Garden A TOTAL Extg Not to Tank	d ving n/Garden ld be zero) ED AREA rmally Zero) ormally Zero)	39 0.9 -29 0.85 144 0.5 -154 0.35  (Not routed thru detention tank of the control	35 -24 72 -53 <b>28</b> . after development) 0 55 72 46 <b>174</b>	.7 .0 .9 .6 .0 .3 .0 .9	* NOTE If pre-development lawn areas are reduced a negative number is required to be entered.
CONTROL DATA Existing `C' Developed `CA' to OSD ta Additional Area		(m²) (`CA'extg+`( (m²) (`A'add)	te Area) CA'adds-`CA'undr)		

							Rainfall	Intensities (mm) Normalised Rainfall		
RUNOFF DATA		for 2 year		for 100 year			MIN	Depth(I/I <sub>24</sub> )	2 Yr(mm/hr)	100 Yr(mm/hr)
KONOII DAIA		ioi z yeai		ioi ioo yeai			10	0.11	52.8	113.5
Intensity I		52.80	mm/hr	113.5	mm/hr		15	0.14	44.8	96.3
Allowable Qmax	whole site	3.45	11111/111	7.41	11111/111		20	0.14	38.4	82.6
Lost Flows	Wildle Site	2.56		5.50			30	0.19	30.4	65.4
Reduced Flow (s	cump canacity)	0.57		3.30		0.57	30	0.19	30.4	05.4
Allowable Qmax		0.3	1/e	1.91	1/0	0.57	60	0.26	20.8	44.7
Allowable Qillax	iioiii taiiks –	0.5 1	1/3	1.31	// 3					
AU		0.0	17	4.0	// (O + 0.05)		120	0.35	14.0	30.1
Allowable Qave	from tanks =	0.2	I/S	1.2	l/s (Qmax * 0.65)		180	0.46	12.3	26.4
							240	0.51	10.2	21.9
							300	0.56	9.0	19.3
	on - PROTECTED D		ANY FIGURE	S			360	0.60	8.0	17.2
d=	19.9 m	nm					420	0.64	7.3	15.7
Q100 outflow=	0.5444026 fc	or h=	0.4				480	0.68	6.8	14.6
Q100ave	0.4						540	0.71	6.3	13.6
							600	0.75	6.0	12.9
Q=	0.318840139 fc	or h in Q2	0.1372036				660	0.78	5.7	12.2
Qave	0.2 Q	12					720	0.81	5.4	11.6
\$TORAGE (2 yes time (min)	depth (mm)  8.8  11.2  12.8  15.2  20.8  28.0  36.8  40.8  44.8  48.0  51.2  54.4  56.8  60.0  62.4	inflow (I)  784 998 1140 1354 1853 2495 3279 3635 3992 4277 4562 4847 5061 5346 5560	outflow (I) 124.34765 186.52148 249 373 746 1492 2238 2984 3730 4477 5223 5969 6715 7461 8207	storage (I) 660 811 892 981 1107 1003 1041 651 261 0 0 0 0 0	inflow=`CA'dev*depth outflow=Qave*time diff=inflow-outflow	STORAGE (100 year) time (min) 10 15 20 30 60 120 180 240 300 360 420 480 540 600 660		(I) 9 168 1 214 5 245 7 291 7 398 2 536 1 705 7 781 3 858 2 919 1 980 0 1042 1 1088 0 1149	6 318 2 425 2 637 5 1274 4 2548 0 3822 6 5096 2 6370 5 7643 8 8917 1 10191 1 11465 4 12739	Storage (100 yr) (I)  1473 1827 2027 2275 2711 2816 3228 2720 2213 1552 891 230 0 0 0
720	64.8	5774	8951	0		720	139.			0
	20		Max=	1107					Max=	
SUMMARY  Tank Volume		3230.0								
100 Year Max	Discharge	0.5	l/s							
2 Year Max Di	scharge	0.3	l/s							
	_									
Orifice Diame	lei	20	111111							

	ON-SITE DETENTION TAN		12-Nov-19		
400	m <sup>2</sup> Lot with	105 m <sup>2</sup> house plus	20	m <sup>2</sup> impervious	
ADDRESS	Housing NZ 35 Kaitawa Lot 2 276088998	Calcs By	Tim Strang		NOTE: Only fill in the blue (unprotected) cells
DATA Depth of Tank 2 Year Isoheyt \ 100 Year Isohey Time of Concen	yt Value	0.43 m 80 mm 172 mm 10 min. (10,15,	20,30,60)		NOTE A "#DIV/0!" message appearing in a cell means that data has been entered incorrectly
Site Area 1. EXISTING SITE Existing Roof Existing Paved Existing Perme Existing Garder TOTAL Existing	able Paving n g Area	Area (m²) C' 400  85 0.9 20 0.85 0 0.5 295 0.35	76.5 17.0 0.0 103.3 196.8		NOTE The sum of the existing areas must equal the `Site Area'
TOTAL Addition 3. REMAINING I Undrained Roof	uced Roof uced Paved neable Paving uced Lawn/Garden n Area (should be zero) UNDRAINED AREA f Area (Normally Zero) ed Area (Normally Zero) ing Area n/Garden Area	20 0.9 0 0.85 109 0.5 -129 0.35 0 (Not routed thru detention tank 0 0.9 20 0.85 109 0.5 166 0.35	18.0 0.0 54.5 -45.2 <b>27.4</b> after development) 0.0 17.0 54.5 58.1 <b>129.6</b>		* NOTE If pre-development lawn areas are reduced a negative number is required to be entered.
CONTROL DAT Existing `C' Developed `CA' Additional Area	to OSD tank	0 (m²) (`A'add)	ite Area) CA'adds-`CA'undr) 0		

							Rainfall I	ntensities (mm)		
								Normalised Rainfall		
RUNOFF DATA		for 2 year		for 100 year			MIN	Depth(I/I <sub>24</sub> )	2 Yr(mm/hr)	100 Yr(mm/hr)
							10	0.11	52.8	113.5
Intensity I		52.80	mm/hr	113.5	mm/hr		15	0.14	44.8	96.3
Allowable Qmax wh	nole site	2.89		6.21			20	0.16	38.4	82.6
Lost Flows		1.90		4.09			30	0.19	30.4	65.4
<b>Reduced Flow (poo</b>	or soils)	0.65				0.65				
Allowable Qmax fro		0.3	I/s	2.12	l/s		60	0.26	20.8	44.7
							120	0.35	14.0	30.1
Allowable Qave from	m tanks =	0.2	l/s	1 4	l/s (Qmax * 0.65)		180	0.46	12.3	26.4
	tainto –	0.2	,, 0		70 (Qmax 0.00)		240	0.51	10.2	21.9
							300	0.56	9.0	19.3
Orifice Calculation	DEOTECTED DO	NOT ENTED	ANV EIGHDE	2			360	0.60	8.0	17.2
			ANT FIGURE	3						
d=	20.1 mr	==	0.40				420	0.64	7.3	15.7
Q100 outflow=	0.573888573 for	r n=	0.43				480	0.68	6.8	14.6
Q100ave	0.4						540	0.71	6.3	13.6
							600	0.75	6.0	12.9
Q=	0.335720916 for	•	0.1471533				660	0.78	5.7	12.2
Qave	0.2 Q2	2					720	0.81	5.4	11.6
STORAGE (2 year)						STORAGE (100 year)				
time	depth	inflow	outflow	storage		time	depth	infl	ow 100 yr outflow	Storage (100 yr)
(min)	(mm)	(I)	(I)	(I)		(min)	(mm)	(I)	(I)	(I)
10	8.8	832	130.93116	701	inflow=`CA'dev*depth	10	18.9			
15	11.2	1058	196.39674	862	outflow=Qave*time	15	24.1	22		
20	12.8	1210	262	948	diff=inflow-outflow	20	27.5			
30	15.2	1436	393	1044	am=mmon odinon	30	32.7			
60	20.8	1966	786	1180		60	44.7			
120	28.0	2646	1571	1075		120	60.2			
180	36.8	3478	2357	1121		180	79.1	74		
240	40.8	3856	3142	713		240	87.7			
300	44.8	4234	3928	306		300	96.3			
360	48.0	4536	4714	0		360	103.2			
420	51.2	4838	5499	0		420	110.1	1040		
480	54.4	5141	6285	0		480	117.0			
540	56.8	5368	7070	0		540	122.1	115		
600	60.0	5670	7856	0		600	129.0			
660	62.4	5897	8641	0		660	134.2			
720	64.8	6124	9425	0		720	139.3			
.20		0127	Max=	1180		720	100.0		Max:	-
SUMMARY										
Tank Volume		3450.0	litres							
100 Year Max Di	scharge	0.6								
2 Year Max Disc	-	0.3								
Orifice Diameter	•		mm							
Office Diameter		20	111111							

	ON-SITE DETENTION TAR		12-Nov-19	Minimum Volume for Hydraulic Neutrality
442	m <sup>2</sup> Lot with	99 m² house plus	65 m² impe	ervious
ADDRESS	Housing NZ 35 Kaitawa Lot 1 276088998	Calcs By	Tim Strang 12-Nov-19	NOTE: Only fill in the blue (unprotected) cells
DATA Depth of Tank 2 Year Isoheyt 100 Year Isohey Time of Concer	yt Value	0.4 m 80 mm 172 mm 10 min. (10,15,	20,30,60)	NOTE A "#DIV/0!" message appearing in a cell means that data has been entered incorrectly
Site Area 1. EXISTING SI Existing Roof Existing Paved Existing Perme Existing Gardel TOTAL Existing	able Paving n g Area	Area (m²) 'C'  442  60 0.9  94 0.85  0 0.5  288 0.35	<b>CA (m²)</b> 54.0 79.9 0.0 100.8 <b>234.7</b>	NOTE The sum of the existing areas must equal the `Site Area'
Additional/Reditional/Reditional/Reditional Pern Additional/Rediti	uced Paved neable Paving uced Lawn/Garden n Area (should be zero) UNDRAINED AREA f Area (Normally Zero) ed Area (Normally Zero) ing Area	39 0.9 -29 0.85 144 0.5 -154 0.35  0 (Not routed thru detention tank 0 0.9 65 0.85 144 0.5 134 0.35	35.1 -24.7 72.0 -53.9 <b>28.6</b> after development) 0.0 55.3 72.0 46.9	* NOTE If pre-development lawn areas are reduced a negative number is required to be entered.
TOTAL Extg No CONTROL DAT Existing `C' Developed `CA' Additional Area	ot to Tank Area	0.53 (`CA'extg/S 89 (m²) (`CA'extg+` 0 (m²) (`A'add)	174.2	

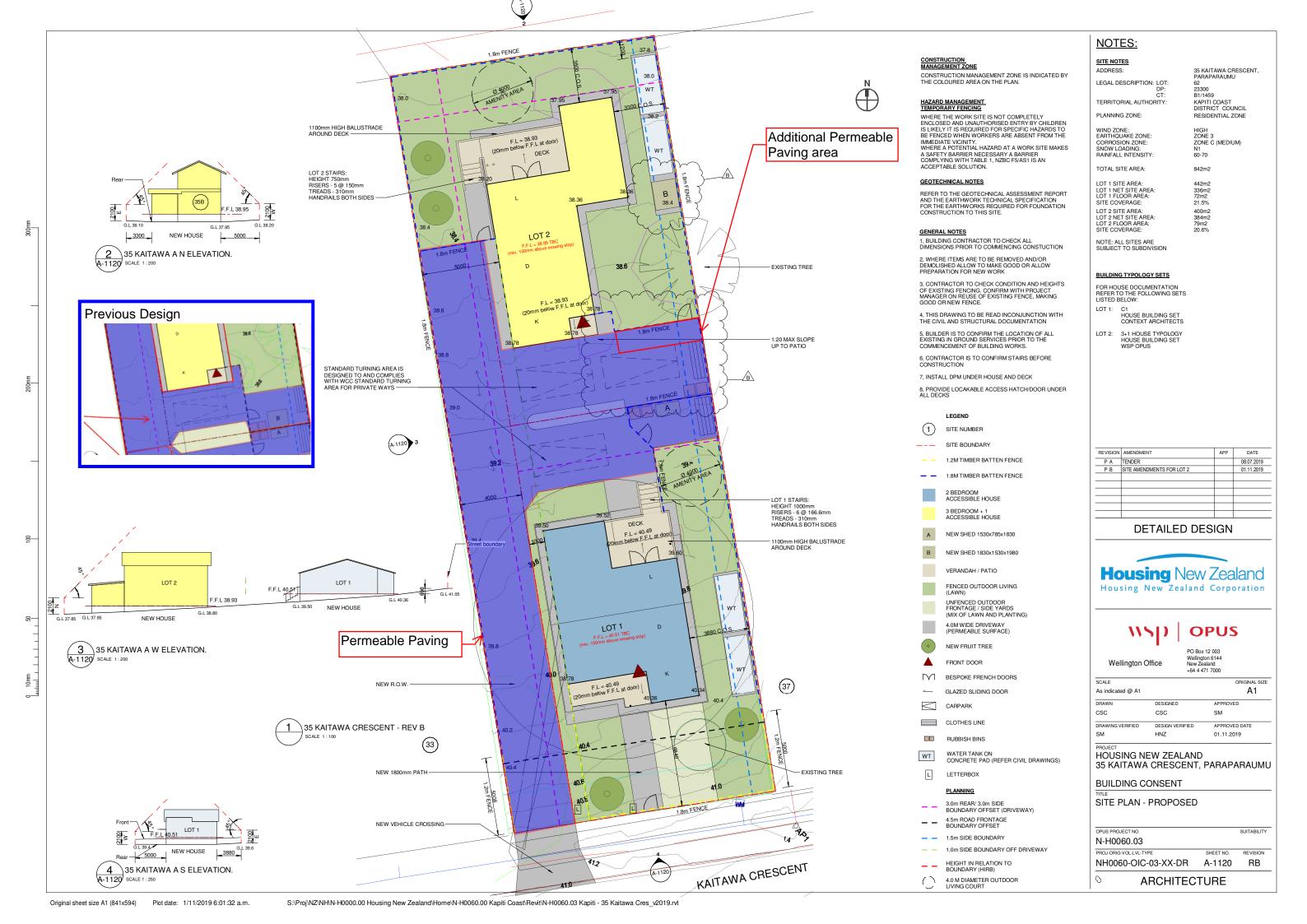
							Rainfal	I Intensities (mm)		
								Normalised Rainfal		
RUNOFF DATA		for 2 year		for 100 year			MIN	Depth(I/I <sub>24</sub> )	2 Yr(mm/hr)	100 Yr(mm/hr)
							10	0.11	52.8	113.5
Intensity I		52.80	mm/hr	113.5	mm/hr		15	0.14	44.8	96.3
Allowable Qmax who	ole site	3.45		7.41			20	0.16	38.4	82.6
Lost Flows		2.56		5.50			30	0.19	30.4	65.4
Reduced Flow (sump	capacity)	0.00				0.57				
Allowable Qmax fron		0.9	l/s	1.91	l/s		60	0.26	20.8	44.7
							120	0.35	14.0	30.1
Allowable Qave from	tanks –	0.6	I/e	1 2	l/s (Qmax * 0.65)		180	0.46	12.3	26.4
Allowable wave iron	i taliks =	0.0	//3	1.2	1/3 (QIIIdx 0.00)		240	0.51	10.2	21.9
									9.0	
Ouifing Onlawlation		NOT ENTED	ANY FIGURE	•			300	0.56		19.3
Orifice Calculation -			ANY FIGURE	5			360	0.60	8.0	17.2
d=	32.7 mm	==					420	0.64	7.3	15.7
	1.469477673 for	' h=	0.4				480	0.68	6.8	14.6
Q100ave	1.0						540	0.71	6.3	13.6
							600	0.75	6.0	12.9
Q=	0.888952823 for	h in Q2	0.1463833				660	0.78	5.7	12.2
Qave	0.6 Q2						720	0.81	5.4	11.6
STORAGE (2 year)						STORAGE (100 year)				
time	depth	inflow	outflow	storage		time	dept	th infl	ow 100 yr outflow	Storage (100 yr)
(min)	(mm)	(I)	(I)	(I)		(min)	(mm		(I)	(I)
10	8.8	784	346.6916	437	inflow=`CA'dev*depth	10	18			
15	11.2	998	520.0374	478	outflow=Qave*time	15	24			
20	12.8	1140	693	447	diff=inflow-outflow	20	27			
30	15.2	1354	1040	314	um=mnow-outnow	30	32		12 1719	
60	20.8	1853	2080	0		60	44			
120	28.0	2495	4160	0		120	60			
180	36.8	3279	6240	0		180	79			
240	40.8	3635	8321	0		240	87			
300	44.8	3992	10401	0		300	96			
360	44.6 48.0	3992 4277	12481	0		360	103			0
420	46.0 51.2	4562	14561	0		420	110			
420 480	51.2 54.4	4362 4847	16641	0		420	110			
480 540	54.4 56.8	5061	18721	0		540	117			
600	60.0	5346	20801	0		600	122			
	60.0 62.4		20801	0		660				
660 720	62.4 64.8	5560 5774	22882 24957	0		720	134 139			
720	04.0	5//4	24957 Max=	478		720	139	.5 124	13 41203 Max:	
			IVIUA-	410					Wida	1300
SUMMARY										
Tank Volume		1310.0	litres			Minimum	Volun	ne for Hydraulic	Neutrality	
100 Year Max Dis	charge	1.5	I/s							_
2 Year Max Disch	•	0.9	I/s							
Orifice Diameter	-	22	mm							

	ON-SITE DETENTION TAN		12-Nov-19	Minimum Volume for Hydraulic Neutrality
400	m <sup>2</sup> Lot with	105 m <sup>2</sup> house plus	20 m² imper	rvious
ADDRESS	Housing NZ 35 Kaitawa Lot 2 276088998	Calcs By	Tim Strang 12-Nov-19	NOTE: Only fill in the blue (unprotected) cells
DATA Depth of Tank 2 Year Isoheyt 100 Year Isohey Time of Concer	yt Value	0.43 m 80 mm 172 mm 10 min. (10,15,	20,30,60)	NOTE A "#DIV/0!" message appearing in a cell means that data has been entered incorrectly
Site Area 1. EXISTING SI Existing Roof Existing Paved Existing Perme Existing Garder TOTAL Existing	able Paving n g Area	Area (m²) C' 400  85 0.9 20 0.85 0 0.5 295 0.35	76.5 17.0 0.0 103.3 196.8	NOTE The sum of the existing areas must equal the `Site Area'
Additional/Reditional/	uced Paved neable Paving uced Lawn/Garden n Area (should be zero) UNDRAINED AREA f Area (Normally Zero) ed Area (Normally Zero) ing Area n/Garden Area	20 0.9 0 0.85 109 0.5 -129 0.35 0 (Not routed thru detention tank of the control	0.0 17.0 54.5 58.1	* NOTE If pre-development lawn areas are reduced a negative number is required to be entered.
TOTAL Extg No CONTROL DAT Existing `C' Developed `CA' Additional Area	to OSD tank	0.49 ('CA'extg/Si 95 (m²) ('CA'extg+'C 0 (m²) ('A'add)	te Area) CA'adds-`CA'undr)	

							Rainfall	Intensities (mm) Normalised Rainfall		
RUNOFF DATA		for 2 year		for 100 year			MIN	Depth(I/I <sub>24</sub> )	2 Yr(mm/hr)	100 Yr(mm/hr)
		10. <b>2</b> you.		.ccc ,ca.			10	0.11	52.8	113.5
Intensity I		52.80	mm/hr	113.5	mm/hr		15	0.14	44.8	96.3
Allowable Qmax wh	ola sita	2.89	11111/111	6.21	111111/111		20	0.16	38.4	82.6
Lost Flows	iole site	1.90		4.09			30	0.19	30.4	65.4
Reduced Flow (poor	r enile)	0.00		4.09		0.65	30	0.13	30.4	05.4
Allowable Qmax fro		1.0	l/s	2.12	l/s	0.03	60	0.26	20.8	44.7
,			,, 0		,, 0		120	0.35	14.0	30.1
Allowable Qave from	n tanks =	0.6	l/s	1 4	l/s (Qmax * 0.65)		180	0.46	12.3	26.4
, monable gare not		0.0	,,,		, o (amax 0.00)		240	0.51	10.2	21.9
							300	0.56	9.0	19.3
Orifice Calculation -	PROTECTED DO	NOT ENTER	ANY FIGURE	2			360	0.60	8.0	17.2
d=	33.9 mi		ANTITIOUNE	,			420	0.64	7.3	15.7
u= Q100 outflow=	1.635198347 for		0.43				480	0.68	7.3 6.8	14.6
Q100 outflow=	1.635198347 101	· ··=	0.43				540	0.68 0.71	6.3	13.6
w 100ave	1.1						600	0.71 0.75	6.3 6.0	13.6 12.9
Q=	0.985849415 for	r h in O2	0.1562963				660	0.75 0.78	6.0 5.7	12.9 12.2
Q= Qave	0.985849415 fol	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.1502903				720	0.78 0.81	5. <i>1</i> 5.4	12.2 11.6
STORAGE (2 year)						STORAGE (100 year)				
time	depth	inflow	outflow	storage		time	depth		w 100 yr outflow	Storage (100 yr)
(min)	(mm)	(I)	(I)	(I)		(min)	(mm)	(I)	(I)	(I)
10	8.8	832	384.48127	447	inflow=`CA'dev*depth	10	18.9			1150
15	11.2	1058	576.72191	482	outflow=Qave*time	15	24.1	227	6 957	1319
20	12.8	1210	769	441	diff=inflow-outflow	20	27.5	260	1275	1325
30	15.2	1436	1153	283		30	32.7			1175
60	20.8	1966	2307	0		60	44.7			400
120	28.0	2646	4614	0		120	60.2			C
180	36.8	3478	6921	0		180	79.1			C
240	40.8	3856	9228	0		240	87.7			C
300	44.8	4234	11534	0		300	96.3			C
360	48.0	4536	13841	0		360	103.2			C
420	51.2	4838	16148	0		420	110.1			C
480 540	54.4	5141	18455	0 0		480	117.0			(
540 600	56.8	5368	20762	0		540	122.1			(
660	60.0	5670 5907	23069 25376	0		600	129.0			
720	62.4 64.8	5897 6124	25376 27677	0		660 720	134.2 139.3			(
120	04.0	0124	Max=	482		720	139.3	, 1310	Max=	
SUMMARY			Wax-	102					Wax-	1020
										•
Tank Volume 1330.0 litres					Minimum	Volum	e for Hydraulic N	leutrality		
100 Year Max Discharge 1.6 I/s										
2 Year Max Disch	narge	1.0	l/s							
Orifice Diameter 34 mm										

# 3 Appendix B. Figure

PAGE 4 OF 4 WWW.WSP-OPUS.CO.NZ







10 June 2020

Marnie Rydon Principal Resource Consents Planner Kāpiti Coast District Council 175 Rimu Road, Paraparaumu, New Zealand

## Further Information Response - Resource Consent Application - Kāinga Ora - 35 Kaitawa Crescent, Paraparaumu

KCDC Reference: RM190125 / WSP Reference: N-H0060.03

Dear Marnie.

In response to your letter dated 24 April 2020, please find below Kāinga Ora's response to the further information request following review of the submissions received from the notification of the resource consent application for a two-lot subdivision and development at 35 Kaitawa Crescent, Paraparaumu.

#### Requested Information

- 1. Details of the water pumps proposed to be used including a noise assessment demonstrating whether the permitted activity standards of the Proposed District Plan Appeals Version 2018 are met or not.
- 2. Model and function details of the pumps to be used particularly for stormwater disposal around the ability of the pumps to fail and the mechanisms in place to alert the dwelling occupiers the pump is failing.

#### Response

One pump is proposed per lot. Each pump provides dual functions, being stormwater discharge and rainwater supply. The proposed pump is the Davey D23A/B submersible pump. Details of the pump are attached to this letter.

Although the pump has no noise-rating, it is submersible. Almost all noise will therefore be absorbed by the tank. A detailed noise assessment is not considered necessary at this stage considering the submerged pump is unlikely to infringe the permitted activity standards of the Proposed District Plan Appeals Version 2018.

To ensure the pumps comply with the relevant permitted activity standards once installed and to avoid any adverse noise effects on neighbouring properties, the applicant agrees to include a noise condition as part of their resource consent application requiring a noise report be provided to Kāpiti Coast District Council within a set time. The following wording is proposed:

At the request of the Kāpiti Coast District Council, and within 20 working days of that request. a suitably qualified acoustic professional engaged by the consent holder shall provide to Kāpiti Coast District Council, a report that:

a. measures and assesses noise emitted from the pump on each proposed lot.





- b. determines the extent of any compliance or breach of the noise limits specified in Table 12.D.1, Permitted Activity 1, Standard 1 in the Proposed District Plan Appeals Version 2018 (Kāpiti Coast District Council).
- c. recommends specific actions, in the event of a breach, that will ensure compliance with the noise limits specified in Table 12.D.1, Permitted Activity 1, Standard 1 in the Proposed District Plan Appeals Version 2018 (Kāpiti Coast District Council).

In the event of a breach all specific actions outlined in the report provided by the suitably qualified acoustic professional shall be implemented, to the satisfaction of Kāpiti Coast District Council, within 20 working days from the provision of the report.

In the event that the recommendations and actions referred to above are not implemented within the period specified in this condition, the activity directly associated with the source of the noise shall cease until such time that the recommendations are implemented.

With regards to stormwater disposal, the proposed pumps will supply water for toilet flushing and garden watering as well as providing a means of reducing the flow of stormwater to 7 Kaitawa Crescent (rear adjacent property). The stormwater system has additional storage and soakage components to ensure hydraulic neutrality is still achieved if the pumps are not operating. If the pump in either lot fails:

- The toilet will no longer flush, signalling that prompt maintenance is needed to repair or replace the pump.
- Once the pumped storage volume is full, the attenuation volume in the rainwater tank will start to fill. The attenuation volume has been designed to be hydraulically neutral up to a 1 in 100-year event. The flow of water out of the attenuation volume is controlled by the orifice.
- Water leaving the attenuation volume will flow into the soakhole at the rear of the property. The soakhole has sufficient capacity for a 60-minute, 1 in 100-year event.

The proposed development has been designed to be hydraulically neutral up to a 1 in 100-year event. This means that the flow of stormwater to the adjacent downstream property (7 Kaitawa Crescent) will be no greater than what existed prior to the development. In addition, because the system works by storing water and pumping it at a low rate to the street, there will be a reduction in the amount of stormwater that flows to 7 Kaitawa Crescent during regular rainfall events.

Whether the stormwater is pumped up to the street or flows overland through 7 Kaitawa Crescent, it still ends up in the same downstream stormwater system. The stormwater attenuation has been designed to ensure that there is no increase in the flow of stormwater and therefore no additional pressure on the Kāpiti Coast District Council stormwater system.

The Flowpave system does require maintenance at regular intervals and comes with clear descriptions of how that can be achieved. The system is designed to be trafficable. The design will still achieve hydraulic neutrality if around 50% of the rainfall runs off the paving surface, and this should allow some flexibility in the scheduling of maintenance procedures.

Should you have any further queries, please do not hesitate to contact me on +64 27 317 3901 or mat.marois@wsp.com.

wsp.com/nz



Regards,

Mat Marois

Consultant Planner

027 317 3901

mat.marois@wsp.com

wsp.com/nz

SUBMERSIBLE DRAINAGE PUMPS





# D23A/B Sump Pump

Submersible sump pump specifically designed for low head and low flow applications.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Lawn & garden irrigation
- Sump emptying to low heads.

# WHY CHOOSE THE D23A/B SUMP PUMP?

Float switch fitted for automatic operation.

Double mechanical seal, one in the oil bath on the motor and an extra mechanical seal on pump for superior reliability and a long service life.

Corrosion resistant 304 stainless steel shaft, motor shell and fasteners for longer service life.

Centrifugal multi-stage 3 impeller design for low flow applications.

In-built automatic thermal overload to protect the motor in the event of blockage or voltage supply problems.

HO7RNF oil resistant leads, 10 meters long with 3 pin power plug for longer life in dirty water and easy connection to the mains power supply.



#### Suitable Fluids

Clean water of neutral pH containing up to 1% small solids. Some wear should be expected if pumping hard solids in suspension.

#### **Priming and Operation**

Use a rope to position and retrieve the pump. Do not lower or retrieve the pump using the power lead as this may damage the cable entry seals, causing water leaks and unsafe operation.

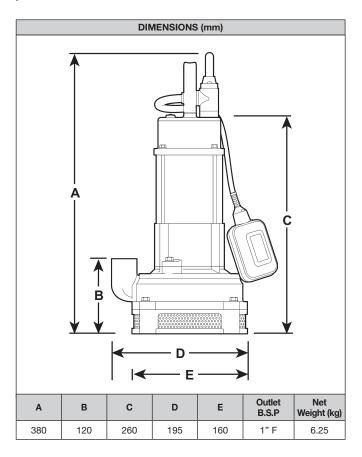
Don't use this product for recirculating or filtering swimming pools, spas, etc.

While these pumps are built to high safety standards, they are not approved for installations where people will be in the water while they are operating.

Don't pump abrasive materials. Sand and grit in the water being pumped will accelerate wear, causing shortened pump life.

Keep your pump clean, particularly in situations where lint, hair or fibrous materials may get bound around the pump shaft. Inspection every 6 months and cleaning will extend pump life.

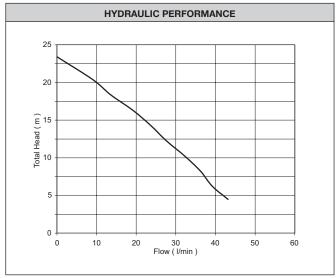
Make room for the float switch to operate. Automatic models have a float switch to turn them on when the water level rises and turn them off again when it has been pumped down to the safe operating level of the pump. If the float switch is not free to rise and fall, correct pump operation may not be possible.



OPERATING LIMITS					
Capacities to	52 lpm				
Maximum total head	22.5m				
Maximum submergence	7m				
Maximum pumped water temperature	40° C				
Minimum soft solids	1mm O.D.				
Outlet size	1" F				

ELECTRICAL DATA				
Supply voltage	220-240V			
Supply frequency	50Hz single phase			
Speed	2 pole, 2850rpm			
Full load current	1.8A			
Locked rotor current	14A			
Input power (P1)	0.38kW			
Output power (P2)	0.2kW			
IP rating	X8			
Insulation class	Class I			
Lead	10m long			

MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION				
Part	Material			
Impeller	Polycarbonate & fiberglass			
Lock nut	304 Stainless Steel			
Pump casing	Polyoxymethylene & Fiberglass			
Diffuser and blanking ring	Polyoxymethylene			
Mechanical seal - pump	Carbon / ALOX			
Mechanical seal - motor	Silicon Carbide / ALOX			
Pump shaft	410 Stainless Steel			
Orings	Nitrile Rubber			
Motor shell	304 Stainless Steel			
Bottom bearing housing	Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene			
Upper motor cover	Nylon 66			
Handle	Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene			
Fasteners	304 Stainless Steel			
Float & power supply leads	Blended Rubber			



#### DAVEY



